Good morning. It is a real pleasure to echo Kathy’s welcome to you all for this Forum.

Our topic today -- accessing electronic journals from aggregators -- is a timely one. Your attendance is certainly one measure of that.

Responses to a note I sent out earlier last fall to VIVA’s technical listserv also suggested that many schools were doing “something” about aggregator journals or were thinking of doing “something”. I’m a big believer in learning from each other, and that trying to adopt or adapt an existing good project is more sensible than attempting to reinvent in isolation.

Earlier this Fall when I proposed this Forum to the VIVA Steering Committee they felt the same and agreed that we should move forward with all speed.

At that Steering Committee it was suggested that Elaine Day’s background knowledge on this subject would make her a great partner in pulling this Forum off, and it certainly has. John Duke was a visitor at that Steering Committee meeting, volunteered VCU as a site, and was promptly roped into the planning process too.

I’d certainly like us all to acknowledge our thanks to Elaine and John for their work in getting this Forum together.

What I’d like to do now is review our agenda, and consider a few of the general issues related to getting users to journals.>>>>>>>>
Our speakers have all implemented an electronic journal list so I think one of the first things we know is that if it has been done somewhere we can do it too.

**Doris Hendrickson** will be talking about the electronic list at Radford. Doris has adapted a lot of the work from ODU so Radford is a good example of if they can do it we can too.

**Ed Summers** will talk about their work with electronic serials at ODU. Ed and Carole Kiehl from ODU will soon have an article coming out about the process in *Library Collections, Acquisitions, and Technical Services*.

We’ll have a brief break at 10:45 and then look to two speakers on their home ground, **Jimmy Ghaphery and Barbara Anderson**.

Finally **Elaine Day** has pulled together some significant information about other similar or related projects and will let us know about that.

We’ll hold questions for our speakers until they have all presented.

Then we would like to hear from you. Let us know what you are doing with electronic jrs. Two things at the end are important too. To get your input about a way to get simple holdings updates from the vendors and finally your evaluation form.
When we think about creating a service or project it is sometimes good to step back a bit first, and kind of think about what a perfect service might look like from a user’s perspective.

If we think about information gathering a “perfect” world might look something like this.
I think we would all agree that the user’s PERFECT Information Gathering World doesn’t exist just yet.

Nevertheless it probably is good to keep the vision in mind -- e.g. OCLC is doing look up and direct link services from FS databases to journals in the ECO project,

the Science Direct initiative aims to aggregate many sci-tech publishing products because

“Your customers, along with ours, want a single resource for their in-depth information needs, where they can find as many high-quality, primary journals in one place as possible, accessible by a single interface.”

We need to keep our eye on these developments so that we don’t get too bogged down in creating perfect and complex solutions for something today that will be replaced by some other bibliotechnology in a very near future. From my perspective we need to develop “good enough” solutions.

What might a good enough model look like?>>>
To catalog the several thousand full-text electronic journals that can be looked up and read in aggregator databases (e.g. Infortrak, Dow Jones)

Along with our other direct linking journals (e.g. Muse, IDEAL pubs)

So that a user can determine quickly whether a particular journal or a citation from a journal is likely to be electronically available from our library and link to the available content in the most direct way possible.

By a method economical of library staff time and special expertise needed for initiation, updating, and correcting

For me as a library director the last point is very important too. We need to consider time in vs. user benefits out as we develop our systems.
Some Definitions of “to catalog”

1. To make a systematized list, usually in alphabetical order, often with descriptions of the listed items.

2. To make a card catalog

The American Heritage Dictionary lists two concepts for catalog. In this project we can consider doing one or both.
Overall a graphic model for what we hope to learn about and to introduce into our libraries might look something like this.

We will have a database, we may also put those items in our catalog.
The data getting part is complicated.
With these three examples we can see that simply downloading the information isn’t possible.

The vendors arrange their data in different columns.

Date parameters are different.

Aggregators connect to the database not the publication

For services like Highwire you can make a direct link.
Many places are choosing to put journals which can be directly linked in their OPAC and aggregator titles and direct link publications in their web database.

It will be very interesting to see how our speakers are working with the challenges.
1. Discuss hardware and software

2. List services from which they get aggregated titles (e.g., Dow Jones, Expanded Academic Index)

3. Indicate whether the titles in the database are searchable from the web database only, or are searchable/linkable from their OPAC too.

4. Note how often source files are updated and how long it takes to do this

5. List the fields (e.g., title, ISSN, start date, stop-date) they include in their database and whether they modify for consistency (e.g. dates)

6. Indicate whether and how they use the concept of Search tips for the user so she/he knows what to do once linked to an aggregator database

7. Demonstrate on their system
   a. What a user would do to find the full text article for the citation Why Y2K is good for you PC Magazine, April 6, 1999 p4
   b. What the user would do to browse the most recent issue of American Libraries for full-text articles

We’ve asked each of our speakers to give consider the following information in their presentations.

I hope you are looking forward to learning how they have addressed the background issues as much as I am.

Again, Let's hold questions until all have given their talks.

Doris Thanks for agreeing to be our first speaker and get us started.